## CITY OF GEORGE WEST, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





## Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

To the Council and Management, City of George West

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of George West as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

#### Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated August 15, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of City of George West solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

#### Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team and others in our firm, as appropriate, have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

#### Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by City of George West is included in Note A to the financial statements. During the period under audit, there were no significant changes to polices except for the following:

• Effective October 1, 2021, the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 87, which changed the way leases (contracts conveying the right to use an identified asset) are presented and recorded. The City analyzed its contracts and fond no leases at this time.

No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are Management's estimate of useful lives of capital assets, allowance for doubtful accounts and net pension and OPEB liability assumptions for mortality rates and investment returns.

Management's estimate of useful lives of the depreciable assets are based on past history, engineering estimates, and industry standards. The allowance for doubtful accounts has been estimated for ad valorem property taxes and is based on collection history of the City. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

The estimate of the Net Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities are based on the actuarial study performed by Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) with no input from the City's management. We have considered the underlying inputs provided by the City related to covered employees as well as the reasonableness of the actuarial assumptions used.

#### Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting City of George West's financial statements relate to: Texas Municipal Retirement System and budgetary comparison information.

#### Significant Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to City of George West's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. No such misstatements were detected.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. We identified a material misstatement related to beginning balances, which was brought to the attention of, and corrected by, management. Additionally, we assisted management in recording routine journal entries for year-end accruals, depreciation, and net pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in a separate letter dated December 30, 2022.

#### Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

#### Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with City of George West, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as City of George West's auditors.

During audit procedures, we became aware of an opportunity to strengthen the City's operations with the following suggestion:

#### Leave Accruals

The City's personnel manual does not explicitly address caps on leave accruals. Several employees have accumulated vacation balances that represent individually significant liabilities to the City. In the event of an employee departure, the City could be responsible for substantial payouts related to accumulated vacation leave balances. The City should consider reviewing and revising its leave policy to prevent large accumulations of vacation leave balances.

#### **Public Funds Investment Act**

As, part of our audit, we review the City's compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. Our procedures determined that the City is in compliance, in all material effects, with the provisions of the Act.

#### Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing City of George West's audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with such standards, we have read the information and considered whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, was materially consistent with its presentation in the financial statements.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of City of George West and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Arontony, Vaugue of Associates, P.C.

December 30, 2022

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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			CITY OF GEORGE WEST	
			PRINCIPAL OFFICERS	
			CITY OFFICIALS	·
		MAYOR		ANDREW GARZA
		MAYOR PRO-TERM		JEARL RANNEFELD
		CITY COUNCIL		JOHN WALKER
<u> </u>				PATRICIA CLIFTON  NATHAN STROLENY
		CITY MANAGER, INTERIM		SHIRLEY HOLM
		CITY SECRETARY		D'ANN LANE
		CITY ATTORNEY		EPIMENIO YSASSI
		-		
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## Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of George West

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of George West, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of George West's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of George West, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of George West, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of George West's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City of George West's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of George West's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension related information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of George West's basic financial statements as a whole. The individual fund financial statements and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Arontony, Vaugue of Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C. December 30, 2022

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of George West's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total combined net position was \$4.9 million at September 30, 2022.
- The general fund balance is \$546 thousand, of which \$536 thousand is unassigned. The balance represents a reduction of \$401 thousand from the prior year. In the prior year, the general fund was buoyed by a one-time reallocation of sales tax of approximately \$900 thousand.
- The City received additional funding under the American Recovery Plan Act (ARPA).
   Management has elected the revenue loss exemption and has spent some of the funds on improvements across different areas in the City. \$416 thousand of the ARPA funds have been deferred for use in subsequent fiscal years as governance is still in the process of determining how the grant funds will be utilized.

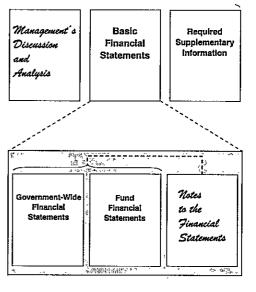
#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that
  focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the
  City's operations in more detail than the government-wide
  statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term Summary financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required* supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report



Detail

Figure A	4-2. Major Features of the City's Go	vernment-wide and Fund Financial	Statements					
		Fund Statements						
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds					
Scope	Entire City's government	The activities of the City that are	Activities of the City that					
	(except fiduciary funds)	not proprietary or fiduciary	operate similar to private					
	and the City's component units		businesses: sewer					
Required financial	Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	Statement of net position					
statements	Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues,	• Statement of revenues,					
		expenditures & changes	& changes in					
		in fund balances	net position					
	1		•Statement of cash flows					
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting and					
and measurement	economic resources focus	and current financial resources	economic resources focus					
focus		focus						
Type of	All assets and liabilities, both	Only assets expected to be used	All assets and liabilities, both					
asset/liabilitiy	financial and capital,	up and liabilities that come	financial and capital, and short					
information	short-term and long-term	due during the year or thereafter,	term and long-term					
		no capital assets included						
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and expenses					
inflow/outflow	expenses during year,	received during or soon after the	during year, regardless of whe					
information	regardless of when cash	end of the year, expenditures	cash is received or paid					
	is received or paid	when goods or services have						
		been received and payment is						
		due during the year or soon						
		thereafter.						

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the City's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the City include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page, which explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position was \$4.9 million at September 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1 City's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	То	Percentage	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	Change
Assets:			•				
Current Assets	\$ 1,594,229	\$ 1,908,671	\$ 1,001,428	\$ 975,266	\$ 2,595,657	\$ 2,883,937	(10.0)
Non-Current Assets	1,798,949	1,542,703	3,216,398	3,470,286	5,015,347	5,012,989	0.0
Total Assets	3,393,178	3,451,374	4,217,826	4,445,552	7,611,004	7,896,926	(3.6)
Deferred Outflows:							
Deferred Pension/OPEB Related Outflows	60,032	54,157	23,238	29,059	83,270	83,216	0.1
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	673,782	596,972	410,250	414,411	1,084,032	1,011,383	7.2
Long-Term Liabilities	698,049	826,576	877,538	1,093,489	1,575,587	1,920,065	(17.9)
Total Liabilities	1,371,831	1,423,548	1,287,788	1,507,900	2,659,619	2,931,448	(9.3)
Deferred Inflows:							
Deferred Pension/OPEB Related Inflows	88,493	70,952	38,528	38,199	127,021	109,151	16.4
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets	771,348	466,750	2,207,898	2,303,786	2,979,246	2,770,536	7.5
Restricted	750,983	722,073		-	750,983	722,073	4.0
Unrestricted	470,555	822,208	706,850	624,726	1,177,405	1,446,934	(18.6)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,992,886	\$ 2,011,031	\$ 2,914,748	\$ 2,928,512	\$ 4,907,634	\$ 4,939,543	(0.6)

The unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the City next year.

#### **Governmental Activities**

- Governmental activity fund revenues slumped substantially from the prior year due to a one-time reallocation of sales tax in the prior year of about \$900 thousand.
- Management continues to receive grant awards from various state and federal sources. Some of the expense increases are related to increased grant revenues.

Table A-2 Changes in City's Net Position

	Govern		Busines			D	
	Activ		Activ		To		Percentage
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	Change
Program Revenues:							10.4
Charges for Services	\$ 204,349	\$ 171,534	\$ 2,068,069	\$ 1,833,175	\$ 2,272,418	\$ 2,004,709	13.4
Operating & Capital Grants	373,988	286,725	-	-	373,988	286,725	30.4
General Revenues:							(00.0)
Taxes	1,920,349	2,701,724	•	_	1,920,349	2,701,724	(28.9)
Interest Earnings	432	761	191	432	623	1,193	(47.8)
Miscellaneous	40,352	29,642	15,818	2,364	56,170	32,006	75.5
Total Revenues	2,539,470	3,190,386	2,084,078	1,835,971	4,623,548	5,026,357	(8.0)
n							
Progam Expenses: General Administration	585,132	472,265			585,132	472,265	23.9
Public Safety	1,266,703	1,088,131	-	_	1.266.703	1,088,131	16.4
Street Maintenance	280,989	173,475	_		280,989	173,475	62.0
Culture and Recreation		207,746	_	_	198,305	207,746	(4.5)
	198,305	207,740	519,485	559,586	519,485	559,586	(7.2)
Water	-	-	639,166	526,986	639,166	526,986	21.3
Gas	-	-		482,131	547,761	482,131	13.6
Sewer	-	-	547,761	•	•	550,053	5.3
Garbage			579,168	550,053	579,168		0.9
Interest on Debt	15,201	15,280	23,547	23,130	38,748	38,410	13.6
Total Expenses	2,346,330	1,956,897	2,309,127	2,141,886	4,655,457	4,098,783	13,0
Transfers In (Out)	(211,285)	(181,339)	211,285	181,339			0.0
Change in Net Position	(18,145)	1,052,150	(13,764)	(124,576)	(31,909)	927,574	(103.4)
Beginning Net Position	2,011,031	958,881	2,928,512	3,053,088	4,939,543	4,011,969	
Ending Net Position	\$ 1,992,886	\$ 2,011,031	\$ 2,914,748	\$ 2,928,512	\$ 4,907,634	\$ 4,939,543	

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the City's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars. The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$2.3 million; 34% of these activities were covered by property tax collections of \$810 thousand.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected City Functions

	Total C Serv		Percentage	Net C Serv	lost of rices	Percentage
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change
Governmental Activities:		-				
General Administration	\$ 585,132	\$ 472,265	23,9	\$ 544,913	\$ 447,980	21,6
Public Safety	1,266,703	1,088,131	16.4	759,539	678,852	11.9
Street Maintenance	280,989	173,475	62.0	255,185	155,084	64.5
Culture and Recreation	198,305	207,746	(4.5)	193,155	201,442	(4.1)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,331,129	\$ 1,941,617	20.1	\$ 1,752,792	\$ 1,483,358	18.2
Business-type Activities:						
Water	\$ 543,032	\$ 582,716	(6.8)	\$ (78,052)	\$ 28,295	(375.9)
Gas	639,166	526,986	21,3	314,644	267,191	17.8
Sewer	547,761	482,131	13.6	72,826	42,202	72.6
Garbage	579,168	550,053	5.3	(68,360)	(28,977)	135,9
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 2,141,886	7.8	\$ 241,058	\$ 308,711	(21.9)

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenues of the City's Utility business-type activities increased 14% to \$2.1 million, and operating expenses increased 8% to \$2.3 million. Revenues are based on the City's established rates and fluctuations in expenses are primarily related to changes in usage throughout the City.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$2.5 million. The decline from the prior year was related mainly to a one-time sales tax reallocation in the prior of approximately \$900 thousand. The decline was partially offset by additional grant revenues.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

Revenues were over budget by \$305 thousand, due primarily to \$289 thousand better than expected grant revenues. Expenditures were \$627 thousand over budget, due primarily to capital outlay. Overall, the City had established a break-even budget but the general fund balance declined \$402 thousand more than expected.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2022, the City had \$13.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.)

Table A-4
City's Capital Assets
(in thousands dollars)

		Gover Acti	nmer ivities		]	Busine Acti	ss-Ty ivities	•	_	To		Total Percentage	
	2	022	2	021	2	022	2	021	20	)22	20	021	Change
Land	\$	17	\$	17	\$	24	\$	24	\$	41	\$	41	0.0
Buildings and Improvements		961		961		137		137	. 1	.098	•	,098	(0.0)
Equipment	2	2,342		2,133		1,403		1,398	3	,745		3,531	6.1
Infrastructure		724		598		-		_		724		598	21.1
Utility System		-			;	8,171	8	3,140	8	,171	8	,140	0.4
Totals at Historical Cost	4	1,044		3,709		9,735	9	9,699	13	,779		,408	2.8
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(</u> 2	2,604)	(2	2,497)	((	5,519)	(6	5,229)	(9	,123)	(8	,726)	4.5
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1	<u>,440</u>	\$	1,212	\$ 3	3,216	\$ 3	3,470	\$ 4	,656	\$ 4	,682	(0.6)

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Long Term Debt

At year-end, the City had bonds of \$1.7 million outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## Table A-5 City's Long-Term Debt (in thousands dollars)

		Governmental Activities				ss-Type vities	To	Total Percentage	
	2	022	2	021	2022	2021	2022	2021	Change
Bonds Payable Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$</u>	669 669	<u>\$</u>	746 746	\$ 1,009 \$ 1,009	\$ 1,167 \$ 1,167	\$ 1,677 \$ 1,677	\$ 1,912 \$ 1,912	(12.3)

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged. The economic outlook for Live Oak County remains stable. The City conservatively budgeted revenues for the general fund at a slight decline from fiscal year 2022 levels. The expenditure budget has been set equal to revenues, with the expectation that any capital asset additions will be funded primarily by incremental grant awards.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact City Hall at (391) 449-1556.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:
<ul> <li>Government – Wide Financial Statements</li> <li>Fund Financial Statements:         <ul> <li>Governmental Funds</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
- Proprietary Funds  In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is
essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total
ASSETS		_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,339,825	\$	684,328	\$ 2,024,153
Receivables (net of allowances					
for uncollectibles):			-		
Ad Valorem Taxes		96,980		-	96,980
Other		200,734		273,790	474,524
Internal Balances		(43,310)		43,310	-
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		359,101		-	359,101
Capital Assets:					
Land		17,210		24,029	41,239
Buildings and Improvements		961,402		137,179	1,098,581
Vehicles and Equipment		2,341,731		1,403,048	3,744,779
Infrastructure		723,811		-	723,811
Utility System		-		8,170,842	8,170,842
Accumulated Depreciation		(2,604,306)	(	(6,518,700)	(9,123,006)
TOTAL ASSETS		3,393,178		4,217,826	7,611,004
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		16,285		3,820	20,105
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		43,747		19,418	 63,165
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					 
OF RESOURCES	\$	60,032	\$	23,238	\$ 83,270

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
LIABILITIES	rectivities			COLIVICIOS		
Accounts Payable	\$ 118,47	74	\$	122,274	\$	240,748
Accrued Wages	9,03	59		5,603		14,662
Compensated Absences	52,20	01		19,698		71,899
Accrued Interest		-		3,291		3,291
Unearned Grant Revenue	415,54	48		-		415,548
Customer Deposits		-		98,884		98,884
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds and Capital Leases Payable Within One Year	78,5	00		160,500		239,000
Bonds and Capital Leases Payable	590,0	00		848,000		1,438,000
Net Pension Liability	20,0	39		8,894		28,933
Total OPEB Liability	88,0	10		20,644		108,654
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,371,8	31_		1,287,788		2,659,619
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	84,9	05		37,686		122,591
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	3,5			842		4,430
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		00		042	_	4,430
OF RESOURCES	88,4	93		38,528		127,021
OT THE CONTRACT		_				
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	771,3	48		2,207,898		2,979,246
Restricted for:						
Public Education Fund	10,1	27		-		10,127
Debt Service	247,0	65		-		247,065
Municipal Court/Police	251,5	66		-		251,566
Tourism	242,2	25		-		242,225
Unrestricted, Deficit	470,5	555		706,850		1,177,405
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,992,8	886	\$	2,914,748	\$	4,907,634

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Program Revenues				
Functions and Programs	Expenses			harges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Gran	ipital its and ibutions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Administration	\$	585,132	\$	21,219	\$	19,000	\$	_
Public Safety		1,266,703		152,176		354,988		_
Street Maintenance		280,989		25,804		, -		_
Culture and Recreation		198,305		5,150		-		-
Interest on Long-term Debt		15,201		-		_		_
Total Governmental Activities		2,346,330		204,349		373,988		
Business-Type Activities:								
Water		543,032		621,084		_		_
Gas		639,166		324,522		_		_
Sewer		547,761		474,935		-		=
Garbage		579,168		647,528		_		_
Total Business-Type Acitvities		2,309,127		2,068,069		<u> </u>		
Total Primary Government	\$	4,655,457	_\$_	2,272,418	_\$_	373,988	\$	

#### General Revenues:

Taxes

Ad Valorem Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Sales Taxes

Hotel Occupancy Tax

Interest and Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

П		evenue and Change	
	P	rimary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Б	\$ (544,913) (759,539)	\$ -	\$ (544,913) (759,539)
	(255,185)	-	(255,185)
	(193,155)	-	(193,155)
П	(15,201) (1,767,993)		(15,201) (1,767,993)
Ш	(1,101,222)		(1,701,770)
П	_	78,052	78,052
	-	(314,644)	(314,644)
П	-	(72,826)	(72,826)
Ц	<del></del>	68,360 (241,058)	68,360 (241,058)
<b>—</b>		(241,038)	(241,036)
	(1,767,993)	(241,058)	(2,009,051)
	810,367 148,926	-	810,367 148,926
Π	818,236	-	818,236
Ц	142,820	101	142,820
П	432 40,352	191 15,818	623 56,170
	1,961,133	16,009	1,977,142
Π	(211,285)	211,285	
	(18,145)	(13,764)	(31,909)
	2,011,031	2,928,512	4,939,543
П	\$ 1,992,886	\$ 2,914,748	\$ 4,907,634
Ц			

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Major Funds					Other		Total	
•	General		De	bt Service	N	lonmajor	Go	vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	971,745	\$	213,105	\$	154,977	\$	1,339,827	
Receivables									
(net of allowances for uncollectibles):									
Property Taxes		64,066		32,916				96,982	
Other Receivables		166,439				34,295		200,734	
Due from Other Funds		-		1,044		19,786		20,830	
Restricted Assets						0.00.4.04		050 101	
Cash and Cash Equivalents						359,101		359,101	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,202,250	\$	247,065	_\$_	568,159	\$	2,017,474	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,									
AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	103,067	\$	-	\$	15,407	\$	118,474	
Accrued Wages		9,059		-		_		9,059	
Due To Other Funds		64,140		_		-		64,140	
Total Liabilities		176,266				15,407		191,673	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unearned Grant Revenue		415,548		_		_		415,548	
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		64,066		32,916		-		96,982	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		479,614		32,916				512,530	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted for:									
Public Education Fund		10,127		_		_		10,127	
Municipal Court/Police		10,127		-		251,566		251,566	
Debt Service		_		214,149		231,200		214,149	
Tourism		_				242,225		242,225	
Assigned:						2 12,220		2,	
Future Projects		_		_		58,961		58,961	
Unassigned (Deficit)		536,243		-		-		536,243	
Total Fund Balances		546,370		214,149		552,752		1,313,271	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,									
AND FUND BALANCES	_\$_	1,202,250	_\$_	247,065	_\$_	568,159	\$	2,017,474	

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,313,271
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,439,848
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	96,978
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(52,201)
Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(668,500)
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (and related deferred outflows of resources) do not consume current financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Liability (20,039)	
Total OPEB Liability (88,010)	
Pension/OPEB Related Deferred Outflows 60,032	
Pension/OPEB Related Deferred Inflows (88,493)	 (136,510)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,992,886

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Major Funds			Total		Total		
	General Fund		De	bt Service Fund	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>		Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	532,569	\$	277,486	\$	-	\$	810,055
Franchise Fees		148,926		-		-		148,926
Sales Taxes		818,236		-		•		818,236
Hotel Occupancy Tax		-		-		142,819		142,819
Fines and Penalties		129,417		-		6,743		136,160
Charges For Service		35,896		-		-		35,896
Grants		373,988		-		-		373,988
Licenses and Permits		25,904		-		-		25,904
Interest Income		428		-		925		1,353
Miscellaneous		42,743		-				42,743
TOTAL REVENUES		2,108,107		277,486		150,487		2,536,080
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Administration		435,626		-		88,000		523,626
Public Safety		1,102,106		-		11,237		1,113,343
Street Maintenance		270,100		-		-		270,100
Culture and Recreation		180,866		-		-		180,866
Municipal Court		99,223		-		11,031		110,254
Capital Outlay		392,382		_		_		392,382
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		77,000		_		77,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges				15,201				15,201
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,480,303		92,201		110,268		2,682,772
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(372,196)		185,285		40,219		(146,692)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		(29,322)		(181,963)		_		(211,285)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(,,		(=====				(221,200)
SOURCES (USES)		(29,322)	P	(181,963)		<u> </u>		(211,285)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(401,518)		3,322		40,219		(357,977)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		947,888		210,827		512,533		1,671,248
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	546,370	<u>\$</u>	214,149	\$	552,752	\$	1,313,271

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (357,977)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	007.500
capital outlay exceeded depreciation.	227,598
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Property Tax Receivable	313
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of the pension is	
recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that pension expense exceeded (subceded) the contributions.	61,522
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee OPEB as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of the OPEB is recorded based on the actuarially determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that OPEB expense exceeded (subceded) the contributions.	(23,163)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds and capital leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal Payments 77,000	77,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences	 (3,438)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	 (18,145)

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	A	Business-Type Activities Utility Fund		
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	684,328		
Accounts Receivables - Customers (Net of Allowance		,		
for Uncollectibles)		273,790		
Due From Other Funds		43,310		
Total Current Assets		1,001,428		
Capital Assets:				
Land		24,029		
Building and Improvements		137,179		
Machinery and Equipment		1,403,048		
Utility System		8,170,842		
Accumulated Depreciation		(6,518,700)		
Total Capital Assets, Net		3,216,398		
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,216,398		
TOTAL ASSETS		4,217,826		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows		3,820		
Deferred Pension Related Outflows		19,418		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES	\$	23,238		

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities
	Utility
	Fund
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 122,274
Accrued Wages	5,603
Compensated Absences	19,698
Accrued Interest Payable	3,291
Customer Deposits	98,884
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	160,500
Total Current Liabilities	410,250
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds Payable	848,000
Net Pension Liability	8,894
Total OPEB Liability	20,644
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	877,538
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,287,788
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	37,686
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	842_
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES	38,528
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,207,898
Unrestricted	706,850
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,914,748

# CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-Type		
	Activities		
	Utility		
ODED AMING DEVENITED		Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES	•	(01.001	
Charges for Water Service	\$	621,084	
Charges for Gas Services		324,522	
Charges for Sewer Service		474,935	
Charges for Garbage Service		647,528	
Miscellaneous Income		15,819	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		2,083,888	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel		647,536	
Supplies		74,933	
Services and Charges		524,843	
Gas Purchases		178,200	
Solid Waste Costs		569,982	
Depreciation		290,087	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		2,285,581	
,		2,203,001	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(201,693)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income		191	
Interest Charges		(23,547)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(23,356)	
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(225,049)	
Transfers In (Out)		211,285	
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(13,764)	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,928,512	
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,914,748	

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Business-Type Activities	
		Sewer	
		Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		ruiu	
Cash Received From Customers	\$	2 070 042	
	Ф	2,070,943	
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(690,652)	
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY		(1,364,656)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		15 (25	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		15,635	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers From (To) Primary Government		211,285	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	•		
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		211,285	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Capital Assets		(36,199)	
Principal Payments on Long-term Debt		(158,000)	
Interest Paid for Financing Activities		(23,962)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND		(25,502)	
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(218,161)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
		101	
Investment Interest Received		191	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		191	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		8,950	
		,	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,			
BEGINNING OF YEAR		675,378	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,			
END OF YEAR	\$_	684,328	
	<u></u>		
Interest Paid During the Year	\$	23,962	
C		•	

#### CITY OF GEORGE WEST STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	
		Sewer
		Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(201,693)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net		
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		290,087
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:		
Accounts Receivable, Net		(17,212)
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		3,919
Deferred Pension Outflows		1,902
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		(16,698)
Accrued Wages		1,803
Compensated Absences		4,382
Customer Deposits		4,267
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		(957)
Total OPEB Liability		(13,272)
Deferred Pension Inflows		1,286
Net Pension Liability	<del></del>	(42,179)
Total Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities		217,328
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities	\$	15,635

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of George West, Texas ("City") was incorporated in 1946 under the provisions of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Home Rule Charter, which was adopted October 24, 1979. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, parks and recreation, general administrative services, and utility services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Component Units

The City has evaluated related organizations and had determined that none of them qualify as component units. These financial statements only include the financial reporting entity.

#### 2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The General Fund meets the criteria as *major governmental funds*.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types which have been accrued consist of revenue from the investments, property taxes, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, police, fire, recreation, public works, municipal court and sanitation.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The City has the following non-major funds: Hotel Occupancy, Court Security, Court Technology, Court Child Safety, Drug Forfeiture, Certificate of Obligation 2016, and Sports Complex.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The City's Proprietary Fund is the Utility Fund (used to account for the provision of water, gas, garbage and sewer services to residents).

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- 2. Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the City.

#### 5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The City has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, and government investment pools. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly. Investments are carried at fair market value except for certificates of deposit which are carried at amortized cost.

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 5. INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City reports investments at fair value based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool maintains a consistent net asset value per share that approximates the fair value of the underlying securities. These investments are reported at net asset value.

#### ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2021 and past due after January 31, 2022. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles; however, presently the City estimates that all accounts are collectible.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

#### 7. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

#### 8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 9. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate section following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred inflows. Unavailable revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unavailable revenue.

#### 10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, utility systems, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful live in excess of 1 year. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sewer, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Life
Buildings and Improvements	25 to 50 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 to 25 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Utility System	15 to 25 years

#### 11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full time employees accrue 80 hours of vacation per year after completion of a 90 day probation period. Unused sick leave is not paid out on termination and is not accrued in these financial statements. Vacation leave is paid on termination and expires annually based on the calendar year. Vacation leave is accrued as incurred in the government-wide as it is expected to be paid with future financial resources.

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt (including capital leases) and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 13. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and OPEB expense, information about the Total OPEB Liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deletions from TMRS' Total OPEB Liability have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 15. FUND BALANCES

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. Assignments may be created by the City Council.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

#### 16. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 17. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on net position.

## 18. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for sewer services. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 19. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

#### 20. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 21. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 87 regarding leases as of October 1, 2021. This Statement changed the way leases are presented and recorded. The City analyzed its contracts and found no leases at this time.

## NOTE B -- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### 1. Deposits

At September 30, 2022, all of the City's cash was fully collateralized.

### 2. Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

## NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## 2. <u>Investments (Continued)</u>

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City does not currently have any investments.

## 3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and, if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

- a. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.
- b. Concentration of Credit Risk The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.
- c. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### NOTE C -- RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash for the City as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

	F	Balance
	9/	30/2022
Governmental Activities:		·· —
Special Police	\$	97,117
Occupancy Tax		222,809
2016 Certificates of Obligation		12,229
Sports Complex Project		26,946
Total Restricted Cash	\$	359,101

#### NOTE D -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Live Oak County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2021, upon which the fiscal 2022 levy was based, was \$145 million (i.e., market value less exemptions). The estimated market value was \$150 million, making the taxable value 97% of the estimated market value.

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2022, was \$0.55321 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$1.947 for each \$100 value and could increase its annual tax levy by approximately \$2.8 million based upon the present assessed valuation before the limit is reached.

## NOTE E -- RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the City as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Utility Fund	
Receivables								
Property Tax	\$	68,888	\$	35,394	\$	-	\$	_
Sales and Mixed Beverage Tax		143,744		-		-		-
Franchise Tax		16,803		_		_		_
Hotel Occupancy Tax		-		_		34,295		-
Utilities		_		-		-		277,677
Loan To Cayetano Live Oak		5,890		-		-		6,378
•		235,325		35,394		34,295		284,055
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Property Tax		(4,822)		(2,478)		_		_
Utilities		(-1,022)		(2,170)		_		(10,265)
Officies		(4,822)		(2,478)				(10,265)
Total Receivables, Net	<u>\$</u>	230,503	<u>\$</u>	32,916	_\$_	34,295	\$	273,790

## NOTE F -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 	Additions	Disposals/ Transfers	Balance 9/30/2022	
Land	\$ 17,210	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,210	
Buildings and Improvements	961,402	-	_	961,402	
Vehicles and Equipment	2,132,731	209,000	-	2,341,731	
Infrastructure	598,125	125,686		723,811	
	3,709,468	334,686		4,044,154	
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment Infrastructure	(450,767) (1,826,399) (220,052) (2,497,218)	(23,033) (70,798) (13,257) (107,088)	- - - -	(473,800) (1,897,197) (233,309) (2,604,306)	
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,212,250	\$ 227,598	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,439,848	

Land is not depreciated.

### NOTE F -- CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Administration	\$	5,546
Public Safety		69,932
Street Maintenance		13,563
Culture & Recreation		18,047
Total Depreciation Expense -		
Governmental Activities	_\$_	107,088

Capital asset activity in the business-type fund for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Balance 10/1/2021	Additions	Disposals/ Transfers	Balance 9/30/2022	
Land	\$ 24,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,029	
Buildings and Improvements	137,179	-	_	137,179	
Vehicles and Equipment	1,397,886	5,162	_	1,403,048	
Utility System	8,139,805	31,037		8,170,842	
	9,698,899	36,199		9,735,098	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(74,196)	(2,194)	-	(76,390)	
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,129,796)	(62,556)	-	(1,192,352)	
Utility System	(5,024,621)	(225,337)		(5,249,958)	
	(6,228,613)	(290,087)		(6,518,700)	
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,470,286	\$ (253,888)	_\$	\$ 3,216,398	

Land is not depreciated.

#### NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT

In July 2016, the City issued Certificates of Obligation Series 2016 in the amount of \$800,000 for Wastewater Plant improvements. The Certificates of Obligation carry an interest rate of 2.09% and mature on September 1, 2026.

In August 2020, the City issued Certificates of Obligation Refunding Series 2020 in the amount of \$1,644,000 to refund the Certificate of Obligation bonds issued in 2004 and 2012. The Certificates of Obligation Refunding Series 2020 carry an interest rate of 2.15% and mature on January 15, 2032. The refunding resulted in gross debt service savings of \$136,754 and a present value savings of \$119,684.

## NOTE G -- LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

All series were privately placed with a bank and contain no subjective acceleration clauses, events of default with finance-related consequences, or termination events with finance-related consequences.

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2021	Additions Reductions		Balance 9/30/2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:		<u> </u>			
Certificates of Obligation:					
Series 2020 Refunding Bond	\$ 745,500	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$ (77,000)</u>	\$ 668,500	<u>\$ 78,500</u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 745,500	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (77,000)	\$ 668,500	\$ 78,500
Business-Type Activities  Certificates of Obligation: Series 2016	\$ 421,000	\$ -	\$ (81,000)	\$ 340,000	\$ 82,000
Series 2020 Refunding Bond	745,500		(77,000)	668,500	78,500
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,166,500	\$ -	\$ (158,000)	\$ 1,008,500	\$ 160,500

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt and obligations outstanding as of September 30, 2022, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending	Gove			vernmental Activities				Bus	iness-	Type Acti	vities	
September 30,	P	rincipal	I:	nterest		Total	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total
2023	\$	78,500	\$	13,529	\$	92,029	\$	160,500	\$	20,635	\$	181,135
2024		80,000		11,825		91,825		164,000		17,217		181,217
2025		82,000		10,084		92,084		168,000		13,720		181,720
2026		57,500		8,584		66,084		145,500		10,423		155,923
2027		58,500		7,337		65,837		58,500		7,337		65,837
2028-2032		312,000		17,050		329,050		312,000		17,050		329,050
	\$	668,500	\$	68,409	\$	736,909	\$	1,008,500	\$	86,382	\$	1,094,882

#### NOTE H -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

## Texas Municipal Retirement System

## Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest. The City has elected to provide updated service credits and cost of living adjustments to retirees.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2021	2020
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	41	41
Active employees	34	34
	85	85

## NOTE H -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

#### Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 5.55% and 5.52% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$89,404, which was equal to the required contributions.

## **Net Pension Liability**

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return\* 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

<sup>\*</sup> Presented net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

## NOTE H -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term

		20118 1 41111
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	5.68%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.00%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.00%	6.85%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	5.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.00%
	100.00%	

## NOTE H -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2021:

			n Fiduciary et Position		t Pension Liability	
Balance at December 31, 2020	_\$_	1,922,557	\$	1,776,635	\$	145,922
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		137,631		_		137,631
Interest		132,258		-		132,258
Change of Benefit Terms		_		_		· •
Difference Between Expected and						
Actual Experience		3,411		-		3,411
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		· -
Contributions - Employer		_		83,103		(83,103)
Contributions - Employee		_		77,097		(77,097)
Net Investment Income		_		231,154		(231,154)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						, ,
of Employee Contributions		(63,997)		(63,997)		_
Administrative Expense		-		(1,072)		1,072
Other Changes		-		7		(7)
Net Changes		209,303		326,292		(116,989)
Balance at December 31, 2021	_\$_	2,131,860	\$	2,102,927	_\$	28,933

## NOTE H -- EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Dis	count Rate	Discount Rate 6.75%	Discount Rate 7.75%		
		5.75%	6.75%			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	320,306	\$	28,933	\$	(210,563)

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.tmrs.com">www.tmrs.com</a>.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized a negative pension expense of \$(10,110). Also, as of September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	673	\$	6,282	
Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Contributions Subsequent to the				116,309	
Measurement Date	\$	62,492 63,165	\$	122,591	

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$62,492 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year ended December 31,		
2021	\$	(28,247)
2022		(46,637)
2023		(24,791)
2024		(22,243)
Thereafter	16	
	\$	(121,918)

## NOTE I - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB)

The City also participates in the cost sharing single-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2021, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	5
Active employees	34
Total	49

The SDBF required contribution rates, based on these assumptions, are as follows:

	Total SDBF Contribution Rate	Retiree Portion of SDBF Contribution Rate		
For the Plan Year Ended December 31,				
2021	0.20%	0.07%		
2020	0.18%	0.06%		

These contribution rates are based on actuarial assumptions developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. For calculating the OPEB liability and the OPEB contribution rates, the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100.0%. The assumptions are summarized below:

## NOTE I - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

2.50% per year 3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation
1.84%
All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68
2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), based on the above actuarial factors, as of December 31, 2021, the measurement and actuarial valuation date, was calculated as follows:

,	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	97,143		
Changes for the year:	•			
Service Cost		7,940		
Interest		2,013		
Change of Benefit Terms		_		
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience		(1,041)		
Changes of Assumptions or Other				
Inputs		3,481		
Benefit Payments		(882)		
Net Changes		11,511		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	108,654		

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

## NOTE I -- OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) of the City, calculated using a discount rate of 2%, as well as what the City's TOL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower and 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Dis	Discount Rate 0.84%		count Rate	Discount Rate		
				1.84%	2.84%		
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	\$ 134,784		108,654	\$	88,784	

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$14,231. And reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and Actual Experiences Changes in Assumptions & Other Input	\$	17756	\$	4,430	
Contributions Subsequent to the  Measurement Date		17,756 2,349		-	
	\$	20,105	\$	4,430	

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$2,349 is related to the OPEB benefits resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the new OPEB liability for the plan year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Plan Year ended December 31,

2022	\$ 4,278
2023	3,379
2024	4,537
2025	1,002
2024	130
Thereafter	 
	\$ 13,326

#### NOTE J -- INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

As of September 30, 2022, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Due from/Due to	A	mount	Purpose		
General Fund/Proprietary Fund	\$	63,096	Utility Collections on-behalf of Proprietary Fund		
General Fund/Debt Service Fund		1,044	I&S Tax Deposit on-behalf of Debt Service Fund		
Proprietary Fund/Nonmajor Funds		19,786	Court-Related Collections on-behalf of other funds		
Total	\$	83,926			

The following transfers occurred during the year ended September 30, 2022:

From	То	A	mount	Purpose
Debt Service	Proprietary	\$	181,963	In support of debt service
General	Proprietary		29,322	Grant funds reimbursed
		\$	211,285	

#### NOTE K -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts for losses up to \$1,000,000. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$84,617 for property and casualty and workers compensation coverage.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	
<ul> <li>Schedule of Changes – Net Pension Liability and Relation Ratios</li> </ul>	
Schedule of Changes – Total OPEB Liability and Relation Ratios	
•	

# CITY OF GEORGE WEST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

					7	ariance		
	Budget Amounts			Actual		avorable		
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Ur	ıfavorable)
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	543,882	\$	543,882	\$	532,569	\$	(11,313)
Franchise Fees		146,000		146,000		148,926		2,926
Sales Taxes		776,000		776,000		818,236		42,236
Fines and Penalties		177,813		177,813		129,417		(48,396)
Charges For Service		38,350		38,350		35,896		(2,454)
Grants		84,562		84,562		373,988		289,426
Licenses and Permits		25,500		25,500		25,904		404
Interest Income		1,737		1,737		428		(1,309)
Miscellaneous		9,350		9,350		42,743		33,393
TOTAL REVENUES		1,803,194		1,803,194		2,108,107		304,913
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Administration		414,954		414,954		435,626		(20,672)
Public Safety		986,276		986,276	1	,102,106		(115,830)
Street Maintenance		180,649		180,649		270,100		(89,451)
Culture and Recreation		182,707		182,707		180,866		1,841
Municipal Court		88,608		88,608		99,223		(10,615)
Capital Outlay				_		392,382		(392,382)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,853,194		1,853,194	2	,480,303		(627,109)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(50,000)		(50,000)		(372,196)		(322,196)
OTHER SOURCES (USES) OF FUNDS	:							
Transfers In (Out)		•		-		(29,322)		(29,322)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		50,000		50,000		_		(50,000)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES				· · · · · ·		-		<del></del>
(USES) OF FUNDS:		50,000		50,000		(29,322)		(79,322)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		(401,518)		(401,518)
Beginning Fund Balance		947,888		947,888		947,888		-
Ending Fund Balance, Deficit		947,888	\$_	947,888	_\$_	546,370	_\$_	(401,518)

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022** Budgetary Information - The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The City does not use encumbrances.

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT PLAN YEARS

Total Pension Liability									
		2014		2015		2016		2017	
Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	\$	109,358 83,794	\$	140,271 95,635	\$	121,090 104,864	\$	106,161 108,272	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-	
Difference between Expected				(10.515)		(61 (00)		((0.77(0)	
and Actual Experience		9,411		(10,745)		(61,483)		(69,768)	
Change of Assumptions		-		54,137		-		-	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		(47.570)		(50.120)		(114 622)		(00 200)	
Employee Contributions		(47,576)		(50,138) 229,160		(114,633) 49,838		(98,389) 46,276	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1	154,987	1	•	1	-	1	,600,151	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending		1,166,166		,321,153 ,550,313		1,550,313 1,600,151		,646,427	
Total Pelision Liability - Ending	- D	1,321,133	Φ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ.	1,000,131	<u> </u>	.,010,127	
Plan Fid	uciar	y Net Posi	tion						
		2014		2015		2016		2017	
Contributions - Employer	\$	74,767	\$	89,779	\$	67,314	\$	63,163	
Contributions - Employee		75,206		82,513		66,900		57,014	
Net Investment Income		46,021		1,405		72,711		161,608	
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions		(47,576)		(50,138)		(114,633)		(98,389)	
Administrative Expense		(480)		(855)		(820)		(838)	
Other		(39)		(43)		(44)		(42)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		147,899		122,661		91,428		182,516	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		803,938		951,837		1,074,498	1	,165,926	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	951,837	\$1	,074,498	\$1	1,165,926	\$1	,348,442	
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	369,316	\$	475,815	\$	434,225	\$	297,985	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		72.05%		69.31%		72.86%		81.90%	
Covered Payroll	\$1	1,504,114	\$:	1,650,253	\$1	1,338,006	\$1	1,140,290	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		24.55%		28.83%		32.45%		26.13%	

Note: The schedule above relects the changes in the net pension liabitlity for the current year. GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. The employer/city will be required to build this schedule over the 10 year period; as such, the employer should retain the annual GASB

						ŗ	
	2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	109,077	\$	119,511	\$	136,077	\$	137,631
	110,757		112,607		120,109		132,258
	-		-		-		-
	(95,686)		(55,300)		(7,011)		3,411
	-		5,842		-		-
(	(120,234)		(83,688)		(75,931)		(63,997)
	3,914		98,972		173,244		209,303
1	,646,427		1,650,341		1,749,313		1,922,557
\$ 1	,650,341	_\$	1,749,313	\$	1,922,557	\$	2,131,860
	2018		2019		2020		2021
\$	70,106	\$	78,151	\$	85,355	\$	83,103
•	58,206	•	63,435	•	73,317	_	77,097
	(40,402)		203,424		119,264		231,154
	(,		<b>,</b>		<b>,</b>		,
	(120,234)		(83,688)		(75,931)		(63,997)
	(781)		(1,149)		(774)		(1,072)
	(42)		(34)		(30)		7
	(33,147)		260,139		201,201		326,292
1	,348,442		1,315,295		1,575,434		1,776,635
\$ 1	,315,295	\$	1,575,434	\$	1,776,635	\$	2,102,927
\$	335,046	\$	173,879	\$	145,922	\$	28,933
	79.70%		90.06%	•	92.41%		98.64%
<b>\$</b> 1	1,164,112	\$	1,268,697	\$	1,466,345	\$	1,617,038
	28.78%		13.71%		9.95%		1.79%

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	De	tuarially termined ntribution	Rel Actuari	tributions in ation to the ally Determined ontribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	88,600	\$	88,600		\$ 1,664,451	5.32%
2016	\$	72,663	\$	72,663	-	\$ 1,413,741	5.14%
2017	\$	64,195	\$	64,195	-	\$ 1,185,832	5.41%
2018	\$	67,643	\$	67,643	-	\$ 1,146,805	5.90%
.2019	\$	72,340	\$	72,340	-	\$ 1,183,916	6.11%
2020	\$	86,851	\$	86,851	-	\$ 1,467,824	5.92%
2021	\$	80,504	\$	80,504		\$ 1,401,499	5.74%
2022	\$	89,404	\$	89,404	-	\$ 1,617,038	5.53%

### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen (13) months later.

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in the Schedule of Constributions: The City will build this report over the next 10 year period. This data in this schedule is based on the City's fiscal year-end, not the valuation/measurement date as provided in other schedules of this report.

## Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	23 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% Soft Corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's
	plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality
	Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
	Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety
	table used for males and the General Employee table used for
	females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis
	with scale UMP.

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FIVE CALENDAR YEARS

		Total O	PEB	Liability						
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	
Service Cost	\$	3,535	\$	4,074	\$	4,314	\$	6,452	\$	<b>7,9</b> 40
Interest		1,997		2,127		2,211		2,122		2,013
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between Expected										
and Actual Experience		-		(5,764)		(4,338)		731		(1,041)
Changes in Assumptions or										
Other Inputs		5,807		(4,980)		14,580		14,054		3,481
Benefit Payments		(114)		(233)		(254)		(293)		(882)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		11,225		(4,776)		16,513		23,066		11,511
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		51,115		62,340		57,564		74,0 <u>77</u>		97,143
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	62,340	\$	57,564	\$	74,077	\$	97,143	_\$_	108,654
Covered Payroll	\$1	,140,290	\$1	,164,112	\$1	,268,697	\$1	,466,345	\$1	,617,038
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage		C 470/		4.0407		£ 9.40/		6.62%		6.72%
of Covered Payroll		5.47%		4.94%		5.84%		0.0270		0.7270

Note: Information for this schedule is being accumulated prospectively until a ten year period is available.

## Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions Rates:

## Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	1.84%
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Π	
<b>∪</b> 	Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.
	Such statements and schedule include:
П	Comparative Statements – General Fund
<u> </u>	Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Comparative Statements – Proprietary Utility Fund

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 971,745	\$ 1,264,648
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		
Property Taxes	64,066	47,903
Prepaid Expenses		135,672
Other Receivables	166,439	54,166
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,202,250	\$ 1,502,389
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 103,067	\$ 86,423
Accrued Wages	9,059	38,621
Due to Other Funds	64,140	64,140
Total Liabilities	176,266	189,184
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Unearned Grant Revenue	415,548	317,414
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	64,066	47,903
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	479,614	365,317
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		303,317
Fund Balances:		
Nonspencable for:		
Prepaid Items	-	135,672
Committed for:		
Public Education Fund	10,127	7,988
Unassigned (Deficit)	536,243	804,228
Total Fund Balance	546,370	947,888
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$1,202,250	\$ 1,502,389

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES	<u> </u>	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 532,569	\$ 551,090
Franchise Fees	148,926	139,219
Sales Taxes	818,236	1,642,942
Fines and Penalties	129,417	104,805
Charges For Service	35,896	35,938
Grants	373,988	286,085
Licenses and Permits	25,904	18,391
Interest Income	428	757
Miscellaneous	42,743	10,153
TOTAL REVENUES	2,108,107	2,789,380
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Administration	435,626	400,527
Public Safety	1,102,106	930,848
Street Maintenance	270,100	162,396
Culture and Recreation	180,866	189,640
Municipal Court	99,223	100,869
Capital Outlay	392,382	32,732
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,480,303	1,817,012
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(372,196)	972,368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		25,000
Transfers Out	(29,322)	,
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(,)	
SOURCES (USES)	(29,322)	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(401,518)	997,368
DECININIZACIONED DALANCE	0.47 000	(40.400)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	947,888	(49,480)
ENDING FUND BALANCE, DEFICIT	\$ 546,370	\$ 947,888

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds										
	-	Hotel		Court		Court		Court			
	Occupancy		S	ecurity	Te	chnology	Child Safety				
ASSETS	<u></u>				<u>-</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance	\$	-	\$	98,087	\$	35,957	\$	20,933			
Taxes		34,295		-		-		-			
Due From Other Funds Restricted Assets:		-		-		-		-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		222,809									
TOTAL ASSETS		257,104		98,087	\$	35,957	\$	20,933			
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$	14,879	\$	_	\$	_	\$	•			
Total Liabilities		14,879				_					
Fund Balances: Restricted For:											
Police		-		-		-		-			
Municipal Court		-		98,087		35,957		20,933			
Tourism		242,225		-		-		-			
Assigned For:											
Future Projects											
Total Fund Balances		242,225		98,087		35,957		20,933			
TOTAL LIABILITIES &											
FUND BALANCES	\$	257,104	\$	98,087	\$ 35,957		\$	20,933			

			Cont	Capital Proj			Tai	la	
		Drug rfeiture		ation 2016		ports omplex	Totals 2022 2021		
		· ionaio	<u> </u>	44011 2010					
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$154,977	\$159,265	
П		-		-		_	34,295	31,780	
Ц		-		19,786		-	19,786	19,786	
		97,117		12,229		26,946	359,101	330,453	
	\$	97,117	\$	32,015	\$	26,946	\$568,159	\$541,284	
		<del></del>		<u>,</u>					
Π									
U	\$	528	_\$		\$		\$ 15,407	\$ 28,751	
		528		-		<u> </u>	15,407	28,751	
n									
		96,589		_		_	96,589	107,822	
		-		-		-	154,977	159,265	
		-		-	••	-	242,225	187,406	
		_		32,015_		26,946	58,961	58,040	
П		96,589		32,015		26,946	552,752	512,533	
LJ									
	_\$_	97,117	\$	32,015	_\$_	26,946	\$ 568,159	\$541,284	
*****									

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds											
•		Hotel		Court		Court		Court	Drug			
	_0	Occupancy		Security		hnology	_Chil	ld Safety	Forfeiture			
REVENUES												
Hotel Occupancy Tax	\$	142,819	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_		
Fines and Penalties		-		3,630		3,113		-		_		
Interest Income		_		_		-				4		
TOTAL REVENUES		142,819		3,630		3,113				4		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Public Safety		_		-		_		-	11	1,237		
Municipal Court		_		3,952		6,905		174		_		
Administration		88,000		•		-		-		-		
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		_		_		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		88,000		3,952		6,905		174	11	1,237		
Net Change in Fund Balance		54,819		(322)		(3,792)		(174)	(11	1,233)		
		- 1,0-25		()		(5,.,2)		(11)	(2.	.,200)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		187,406		98,409		39,749		21,107	107	7,822		
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$</u>	242,225	_\$	98,087	_\$	35,957	\$	20,933	\$ 96	ó <u>,589</u>		

C	apital Project	s Fund:	5				
Cert	Certificate of		orts	Totals			
Oblig	Obligation 2016		plex	2022	2021		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 142,819	\$ 109,232		
	-		-	6,743	7,530		
	921		-	925	_		
	921			150,487	116,762		
	_		-	11,237	22,423		
	-		-	11,031	9,879		
	-		-	88,000	77,514		
	-		-	-	122,215		
	-			110,268	232,031		
	921		-	40,219	(115,269)		
	31,094	20	5,946	512,533	627,802		
\$	32,015	\$ 20	5,946	\$ 552,752	\$ 512,533		

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND – UTILITY SYSTEM SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021	
ASSETS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 684,328	\$ 675,378	
Accounts Receivables - Customers (Net of Allowance			
for Uncollectibles)	273,790	256,578	
Due From Other Funds	43,310	43,310	
Total Current Assets	1,001,428	975,266	
Capital Assets:			
Land	24,029	24,029	
Building and Improvements	137,179	137,179	
Machinery and Equipment	1,403,048	1,397,886	
Utility System	8,170,842	8,139,805	
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,518,700)	(6,228,613)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	3,216,398	3,470,286	
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,216,398	3,470,286	
TOTAL ASSETS	4,217,826	4,445,552	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred OPEB Related Outflows	3,820	7,739	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	19,418	21,320	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	\$ 23,238	\$ 29,059	

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND – UTILITY SYSTEM (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021	
LIABILITIES	<u></u>		
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 122,274	\$ 138,972	
Accrued Wages	5,603	3,800	
Compensated Absences	19,698	15,316	
` Accrued Interest Payable	3,291	3,706	
Customer Deposits	98,884	94,617	
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	160,500	158,000	
Total Current Liabilities	410,250	414,411	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds Payable	848,000	1,008,500	
Net Pension Liability	8,894	51,073	
Total OPEB Liability	20,644	33,916	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	877,538	1,093,489	
Total Woncurrem Lubumes	077,556	1,093,489	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,287,788	1,507,900	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Pension Related Inflows	37,686	36,400	
Deferred OPEB Related Inflows	842	1,799	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	38,528	38,199	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,207,898	2,303,786	
Unrestricted	706,850	624,726	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,914,748	\$ 2,928,512	
TOTAL RELITORITION	D 2,717,740	Φ 4,740,314	

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - UTILITY SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Water Service	\$ 621,084	\$ 554,421
Charges for Gas Services	324,522	259,795
Charges for Sewer Service	474,935	439,929
Charges for Garbage Service	647,528	579,030
Miscellaneous Income	15,819	2,365
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,083,888	 1,835,540
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel	647,536	709,082
Supplies	74,933	97,852
Services and Charges	524,843	387,090
Gas Purchases	178,200	97,587
Solid Waste Costs	569,982	540,256
Depreciation	290,087	286,890
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,285,581	2,118,757
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (201,693)	(283,217)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest Income	191	432
Interest Charges	(23,547)	(23,130)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(23,356)	(22,698)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(225,049)	(305,915)
Transfers In (Out)	 211,285	 181,339
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(13,764)	(124,576)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,928,512	 3,053,088
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,914,748	\$ 2,928,512

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND – UTILITY SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	0 0 0 0 0 42	# 1.051.540
Cash Received From Customers Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$ 2,070,943	\$ 1,871,542
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(690,652) (1,364,656)	(728,411) (1,080,245)
NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY	(1,504,050)	(1,000,243)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	15,635	62,886
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers From (To) Primary Government	211,285	181,339
Intergovernmental Borrowings		(4,982)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	211,285	176,357
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Capital Assets	(36,199)	(57,005)
Principal Payments on Long-term Debt	(158,000)	(155,500)
Interest Paid for Financing Activities	(23,962)	(25,839)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(218,161)	(238,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment Interest Received	191	432
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	191	432
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8,950	1,331
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
BEGINNING OF YEAR		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	675,378	674,047
Cash and Cash Equivalents	675,378	674,047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		
END OF YEAR		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	684,328	675,378
•	\$ 684,328	\$ 675,378
Interest Paid During the Year	\$ 23,962	. \$ 25,839

## CITY OF GEORGE WEST COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND – UTILITY SYSTEM (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(201,693)	\$	(283,217)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net				
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		290,087		286,890
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:				
Accounts Receivable, Net		(17,212)		28,987
Deferred OPEB Outflows		3,919		(3,226)
Deferred Pension Outflows		1,902		10,268
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		(16,698)		42,540
Accrued Wages		1,803		(10,303)
Compensated Absences		4,382		3,354
Customer Deposits		4,267		7,015
Deferred OPEB Inflows		(957)		(658)
Total OPEB Liability		(13,272)		9,471
Deferred Pension Inflows		1,286		(21,928)
Net Pension Liability		(42,179)		(6,307)
		217,328		346,103
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	15,635	<u>\$</u>	62,886